

### Walk in the Shoes of Those With Disabilities

You probably know somebody with special needs. But do you know what it's like to walk in that person's shoes and look at the world through that person's eyes? Or maybe you have special needs yourself—a learning disability, perhaps, or a mobility challenge. Do your fellow Scouts understand the accommodations that help make life easier for you? Do you understand how different disabilities affect other people?

This month's meetings and main event will introduce your unit to disabilities of all sorts. Through videos, guest speakers, and simulations, you will learn more about the disabilities that affect at least 12 percent of the U.S. population. You will also learn what you can do to make it a little easier for these people to navigate our world.

#### **Objectives**

This month's activities should:

- Help Scouts understand more about disabilities.
- Coach Scouts on how to interact respectfully with people who have disabilities.
- Demonstrate the importance of person-first language.
- Explain how people who have disabilities compensate through enabling abilities.
- Introduce Scouts to adaptive sports.
- Introduce Scouts to agencies and professions that serve people with specific disabilities.
- Help Scouts understand accessibility and how it can be achieved.

### RELATED ADVANCEMENT AND AWARDS

- Disabilities Awareness and Signs, Signals, and Codes merit badges
- Torch of Gold Award



#### **Leadership Planning**

As a leadership team, you may want to discuss the following items during your planning meetings when choosing special needs awareness as your program feature.

- 1. Who in our unit has taken disabilities awareness training?
- 2. Where is disabilities awareness training available in our community?
- Does anyone in the unit (youth, leader, parent) have a disability?
- 4. Who in the unit has had experience with disabilities?
- 5. What resources are available through local organizations to teach this topic?
- 6. To meet our needs, what should we change in the sample meeting plans?

### PARENTS CAN HELP WITH THE SPECIAL NEEDS AWARENESS PROGRAM FEATURE BY:

- Sharing their personal experiences of living with a disability or supporting a friend or loved one who has a disability
- Identifying experts in the community who can serve as resources
- Providing transportation for field trips and the main event
- 4. Serving as presenters or merit badge counselors
- Maintaining current Youth Protection certification, which is required of all adults providing transportation for or participating in outings.

#### WHAT ARE DISABILITIES?

A disability is a physical or mental condition that calls for a person to make adaptations to perform tasks that may come naturally to others. Disabilities don't always answer a yes-or-no question. They come in all sizes, shapes, and forms, just like the people who have them.

Consider visual impairment. A person could be totally blind, legally blind (testing 20/200 or worse in their better eye, even with glasses), blind in one eye but not the other, or have tunnel vision. They could also have a condition that makes it difficult to see at night or impossible to distinguish between colors like red and green. Then there are those people who have good vision with glasses but can barely see without them. Would you consider them disabled?

Experts use the term *spectrum* to talk about some conditions, like autism. At one end of the spectrum are people whose ability to function is clearly affected by their condition. At the other end of the spectrum are people who don't appear to have any obvious challenges. For example, an individual who is deaf in one ear may appear to not have a disability. One way to think about disabilities is that we all fall somewhere on that spectrum for one disability or another.





#### SPECIFIC DISABILITIES

If you already know something about a specific disability, or you would like to learn more about it, you may want to focus on researching and sharing information about that disability and the people who have it. You may choose to give a talk or volunteer with an advocacy program that focuses on the disability of interest. Here are some possibilities.

Amputation	Brain injury	Hearing loss	Paralysis
Arthritis	Cerebral palsy	Heart conditions	Polio/post-polio
Asthma	Cleft palate	Hemophilia	Sickle-cell anemia
Attention-deficit/	Cystic fibrosis	Learning disabilities	Speech impairments
hyperactivity disorder (ADD/ADHD)	Diabetes	Leukemia	Spina bifida
Autism spectrum	Down syndrome	Mental disabilities	Spinal cord injury
disorder	Dwarfism	Multiple sclerosis	Stroke
Blindness/low vision	Epilepsy	Muscular dystrophy	

#### USING PERSON-FIRST LANGUAGE

You have probably heard the old saying, "Sticks and stones may break my bones, but words will never hurt me." But the fact is that words can hurt.

When you describe a person who is disabled, it is important to put the person first. Instead of saying "the blind kid," say "the kid who is blind." That shows that the person is more than their disabilities.

Most people prefer the term disabled to handicapped. Just because someone has a disability doesn't mean they can't accomplish things, which the word handicapped implies. In fact, many people with disabilities view themselves as "differently able" rather than as having a disability.

Avoid negative phrases like wheelchair-bound. Unless someone is literally strapped in—not very likely—that term isn't accurate. It certainly doesn't apply when a person who uses a wheelchair hoists themselves from their chair to their car so they can drive to work or to basketball practice!





#### **ADAPTIVE SPORTS**

Just because a person has a disability doesn't mean he or she can't compete in various sports. Just about every sport you can think of has been adapted for people with disabilities.

People with disabilities are as likely to play sports for fun as anyone else. They may be fierce competitors, too. Special Olympics serves children and adults with intellectual disabilities, the Paralympic Games involve athletes with a range of physical and intellectual disabilities, and the Warrior Games feature competition among wounded, ill, and injured members of the armed forces. There is even a Deaflympics for people with hearing loss.



#### **ACCESSIBILITY**

Curbs or steps without ramps, narrow doorways and aisles, revolving doors and turnstiles, high counters, tight parking spaces with no room to maneuver a wheelchair—any of these can make it impossible for people with disabilities to take part in everyday activities such as shopping in a store, watching a movie in a theater, eating at a restaurant, or even going to school or work. Next time you are in a public place, look at how accessible (usable) the location is for people with disabilities. Are there:

- · Ramps and curbs made for wheelchair users?
- Steps that are low and wide enough to be easily climbed by people using crutches or canes?
- · Wide doorways and aisles?
- · Elevators?
- Signs and directions printed in Braille?
- Visual warning alarm systems and lighted call numbers for lines for people who are deaf?
- Accessible parking spaces wide enough for wheelchairs?
- Accessible restrooms, public telephones, and drinking fountains?
- Tables high enough for a wheelchair user to sit at without banging his or her knees?

Many accommodations help everyone, not just people with disabilities. For example, ramps are helpful for people pushing strollers or pulling wheeled luggage.





#### SPECIAL NEEDS AWARENESS GAMES

#### **One-Armed Volleyball**

Equipment: A volleyball net and volleyball

How to play: Form two teams of players. Have each player immobilize their dominant arm by either holding the back of their belt or placing their arm inside their T-shirt. Play a regulation volleyball game.

**Scoring:** The first team with 15 points (or the team with the highest score when time is called) wins.

**Note:** Having limited use of limbs and being off balance will be a new challenge for the participants.

Have a discussion afterward about the experience.

#### Say What?

**Equipment:** American Sign Language dictionaries or computers/tablets/smartphones with internet access

How to play: Form two teams. Give each team a few minutes to learn five simple ASL phrases (like "What is your name?" or "How old are you?"). Teams take turns making those signs for the other team, which tries to guess their meaning.

**Scoring:** Teams score 1 point each time they correctly guess a sign. The team with the most points wins.

Variation: If you have access to someone proficient in ASL, have that person make the signs for both teams. The first team to correctly guess a sign earns a point. Be sure to have the signer sign more slowly than usual.

#### Cane Maze

**Equipment:** Tapping cane or equivalent (such as a fiberglass wand), maze constructed of PVC tubing (or something similar), blindfolds

How to play: Blindfold participants. Have them walk one at a time through the maze using the cane to stay on the path. If desired, have other Scouts stand in the maze as obstacles.

**Scoring:** The Scout with the fastest time wins. Add penalties for running into obstacles.

**Variation:** Instead of setting up a maze, you could designate a course through your meeting place, such as from your meeting room to the restroom or front door.

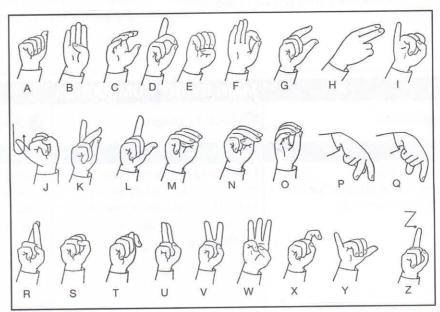
#### **Disabled Tent Pitching**

**Equipment:** Tents and stakes, crutches, wheelchairs, arm slings, blindfolds, heavy gloves, and other materials that let Scouts simulate disabilities

How to play: Form teams and assign team members a variety of disabilities. On a signal, each team tries to set up its tent. All members must be involved in some way.

**Scoring:** The team that sets up its tent correctly and most quickly wins.

**Note:** Thicker gloves help Scouts understand what it's like to have dexterity impairments.





### E.D.G.E. Ideas

Explain how it is done—Tell them.

Demonstrate the steps—Show them.

Guide learners as they practice—Watch them do it.

Enable them to succeed on their own-Have them practice/teach it.

#### **EXPLAIN**

- · Explain what disabilities are.
- · Introduce adaptive sports.
- · Discuss accessibility and accommodations.
- Explain person-first language.
- Have a speaker from an agency that supports people with disabilities.
- Discuss opportunities to assist those with disabilities by asking if they need assistance first.

#### **DEMONSTRATE**

- Demonstrate the use of crutches and wheelchairs.
- Take an accessibility tour of your meeting place.
- · Show how beep baseball works.
- · Set up a display of adaptive sports equipment.
- Show internet videos of adaptive sports competitions.
- Demonstrate how closed captioning works on a TV or digital device.

#### GUIDE

- Have Scouts practice using assistive devices.
- · Design a disabilities awareness challenge activity.
- Guide Scouts as they work with a Special Olympics team or other adaptive sports program.
- Facilitate discussions with athletes and coaches who are involved in adaptive sports.
- Tour museums and public places to see what is captioned.

#### **ENABLE**

- Have Scouts complete an accessibility survey of your meeting place.
- Create a disabilities awareness challenge for a Cub Scout pack or other group.
- Connect Scouts with agencies that serve people with disabilities where they could volunteer.
- Help Scouts select a disability issue to advocate (by writing letters, creating petitions, etc.).

MAIN EVENT SUMMARIES		
ESSENTIAL	CHALLENGING	◆ ADVANCED
Day Activity	Day Activity	Overnight Activity
Special Olympics— Volunteer to assist at a Special Olympics tournament.	Disabilities awareness work- shop—Conduct a workshop to teach disabilities awareness to another Scout unit or youth group.	Disabilities awareness camporee—Lead a disabilities awareness camporee for your district.





### Meeting Plan: Getting Started

Week 1 Date

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ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION	RUN BY	TIME*
Preopening 15 minutes before meeting	Have Scouts play a pickup game of volleyball as they arrive.	11111	6:45 p.m.
Opening Ceremony 10 minutes	Flag presentation Oath and Law Uniform inspection	Monthlewit	7 p.m.
Group Instruction 15 minutes	A guest speaker, ideally someone well versed in disabilities issues, leads a discussion about disabilities.		7:10 p.m.
Skills Instruction 35 minutes	Brainstorm a list of common disabilities.     Discuss what limitations each poses.		7:25 p.m.
	<ul> <li>Brainstorm a list of common disabilities.</li> <li>Discuss how people with these disabilities could participate in sports and Scouting.</li> </ul>		
•	<ul> <li>Brainstorm a list of common disabilities.</li> <li>Discuss ways to help others experience what it would be like to have these disabilities.</li> <li>If possible, research disability simulations on the internet.</li> </ul>		
Breakout Groups 15 minutes	<ul> <li>Discuss plans for participation in the main event.</li> <li>Review requirements of the Disabilities Awareness merit badge.</li> </ul>		8 p.m.
Game 10 minutes	Play One-Armed Volleyball (described earlier).		8:15 p.m.
Closing 5 minutes	Announcements Leader's minute Closing		8:25 p.m.
	Total 90 minutes of meeting		
After the Meeting 15 minutes	Leadership team reviews plans for the next meeting and for the main event.		Galleri

<sup>\*</sup>All times are suggested.





### Meeting Plan: Communicating

Week 2 Date

ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION	RUN BY	TIME*
Preopening 15 minutes before meeting	Have Scouts practice sending messages using sign lan- guage. Groups take turns sending a message by whatever nonverbal means they choose, while another group tries to translate the message.		6:45 p.m.
Opening Ceremony 10 minutes	Flag presentation Oath and Law Uniform inspection To simulate the effect of being mute, have the leader conduct the opening ceremony by speaking with no voice (moving the lips but not making any sound).	0	7 p.m.
Group Instruction 10 minutes	<ul> <li>Brainstorm ways we rely on the sense of hearing.</li> <li>Discuss ways we can compensate for hearing loss.</li> <li>Introduce American Sign Language (ASL).</li> </ul>		7:10 p.m.
Skills Instruction 35 minutes	Learn to count to 20 in ASL. Use a printed or online ASL dictionary as a resource.		7:45 p.m.
	Try to translate the Oath and Law into ASL. Use a printed or online ASL dictionary as a resource.		
•	<ul> <li>Brainstorm a list of 25 words commonly used in Scouting. Guess how they might be signed in ASL, then look up the correct signs in a printed or online ASL dictionary.</li> <li>Discuss ways to help others experience what it would be like to be deaf or hard of hearing.</li> </ul>	mo anno	
Breakout Groups 15 minutes	Work on requirements for the Disabilities Awareness merit badge.     Continue planning group participation in the main event.		8 p.m.
Game 10 minutes	Play Say What? (described earlier).		8:15 p.m.
Closing 5 minutes	Announcements Leader's minute Closing		8:25 p.m.
TO A TO A TELEVISION OF PROPERTY OF PARTY.	Total 90 minutes of meeting	10 P. (1) M. (8)	
After the Meeting 15 minutes	Leadership team reviews plans for the next meeting and for the main event.		

<sup>\*</sup>All times are suggested.





### Meeting Plan: Accessibility and Accommodations

Week 3 Date

ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION	RUN BY	TIME*
Preopening 15 minutes before meeting	Blindfold participants as they arrive. Challenge them to navigate from the entrance to a designated location. Assign each person a guide to keep them safe.		6:45 p.m.
Opening Ceremony 10 minutes	Flag presentation Oath and Law Uniform inspection	((5)))))	7 p.m.
<b>Group Instruction</b> 15 minutes	<ul> <li>Invite a guest to discuss accessibility and accommodations.</li> <li>Discuss how homes and other buildings can be modified to be more accessible for people with a variety of disabilities.</li> </ul>		7:10 p.m.
Skills Instruction 35 minutes	Complete an accessibility survey of your meeting place using a resource such as the Checklist for Existing Facilities from www.ada.gov. If you meet in a large facility, assign groups to different areas of the building.		7:25 p.m.
•	Complete an accessibility survey of your meeting place using a resource such as the Checklist for Existing Facilities from www.ada.gov. If you meet in a large facility, assign groups to different areas of the building. Make a list of priority improvements that should be made.		
	<ul> <li>Complete an accessibility survey of your meeting place using a resource such as the checklist from www.raleighnc.gov. If you meet in a large facility, assign groups to different areas of the building.</li> <li>Make a list of priority improvements that should be made.</li> <li>Discuss how you could develop and present a plan for improving access.</li> </ul>		
Breakout Groups 15 minutes	<ul> <li>Work on requirements for the Disabilities Awareness merit badge.</li> <li>Continue planning group participation in the main event.</li> </ul>		8 p.m.
<b>Game</b> 10 minutes	Play Cane Maze (described earlier).		8:15 p.m.
Closing 5 minutes	Announcements Leader's minute Closing		8:25 p.m.
After the Meeting	Total 90 minutes of meeting  Leadership team reviews plans for the next meeting and for the main event.		

<sup>\*</sup>All times are suggested.





Meeting Plan: Adaptive Sports

Week 4 Date

ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION	DUM DY	
		RUN BY	TIME*
Preopening 15 minutes before meeting	As youths arrive, show internet videos of adaptive sports competitions.		6:45 p.m.
Opening Ceremony 10 minutes	Flag presentation Oath and Law Uniform inspection		7 p.m.
Group Instruction 10 minutes	Invite someone who is involved in an adaptive sport as a participant or coach to discuss that sport.		7:10 p.m.
Skills Instruction 35 minutes	<ul> <li>Watch an internet video of wheelchair basketball.</li> <li>Review the rules and compare with regular basketball. Is the court the same size? Do players dribble the ball? How do players travel? What happens if a player falls out of their chair? What is a physical advantage foul?</li> </ul>	real to	7:20 p.m.
	<ul> <li>Review the above information.</li> <li>Discuss how strategy in wheelchair basketball is similar to or different from strategy in regular basketball.</li> </ul>		
•	<ul> <li>Review the above information.</li> <li>Learn how some teams integrate players who use wheelchairs and nondisabled players. How do they keep the competition fair?</li> </ul>	N	
Breakout Groups 15 minutes	<ul> <li>Work on requirements for the Disabilities Awareness merit badge.</li> <li>Finish planning group participation in the main event.</li> </ul>		7:55 p.m.
<b>Game</b> 15 minutes	Play Disabled Tent Pitching (described earlier).		8:10 p.m.
Closing 5 minutes	Announcements Leader's minute Closing	Tell'ancile	8:25 p.m.
	Total 90 minutes of meeting		
After the Meeting 15 minutes	Leadership team reviews plans for the next meeting and for the main event.		

<sup>\*</sup>All times are suggested.





Main Event: Special Olympics

Date\_\_\_\_\_

Logistics Location:	Contemping (Not ii)	Essential (Tier I) Volunteer at a Special Olympics event.
Departure time:		
Return time:		The second secon
Duration of activity: 4 hou	urs	easily February of State of St
Budget: Completed	Approved	
Camping: Duty roster	Menu	great attacept to the
Transportation: Group	Self	The state of the s
Equipment List	<ul><li>Hat</li><li>Sunscreen</li><li>Sunglasses</li><li>Whistle</li><li>Water and food</li></ul>	
Activity	<ul> <li>Pick a competition to sup</li> <li>At the event, provide encomore specific assistance</li> </ul>	volunteer with the Special Olympics. port, and learn how you can get involved. puragement and positive reinforcement to all athletes and as requested by the athlete or coach. athletes to their events and the awards ceremony on time.
Safety	<ul> <li>Attend pre-event briefing for special instructions and safety considerations.</li> <li>Keep in contact with coaches and assistants for guidance in case an athlete requires assistance.</li> <li>Two-deep adult leadership is required for all activities.</li> </ul>	
		otes
Be sure to spend some t	ime talking with and getting to kr	ow the athletes.





Main Event: Disabilities Awareness Workshop

Date

Logistics Location:	(I nKT) heltement)	Challenging (Tier II) Run a workshop to teach disabilities awareness to another Scout unit or youth group.
Departure time:		
Return time:		bell and the
Duration of activity: 4 hours		tymy P vilvimate manual
Budget: Completed	Approved	bandered designation
Camping: Duty roster	Menu	mentmany to provide the contract of
Transportation: Group	Self	the special districtions and
Equipment List	<ul><li>Equipment for games and</li><li>Adaptive equipment</li><li>Videos or other teaching a</li></ul>	
Activity	<ul> <li>awareness workshop.</li> <li>Develop a list of games and done during this month's m</li> <li>Assign the games and similar</li> </ul>	or other group and schedule the disabilities  d simulations you will include; these could be activities neetings or activities you find in other resources.  ulations to patrols or small groups to develop and run.  vorkshop. Be sure to include time after each activity
Safety	<ul> <li>Have a first-aid kit available</li> <li>Cellphones are a good idea</li> <li>Identify any hazards partici spotters and cushions as n</li> <li>Two-deep adult leadership</li> </ul>	pants could encounter, such as tripping or falling. Have eeded.
NEED THE WAR THE	Not	es





Main Event: Disabilities Awareness Camporee

enterprise and an arrange	Date	25/10/10/01/10/01/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/	
Logistics Location:		Advanced (Tier III)  Lead a disabilities awareness camporee for your district.	
Departure time:	(BSA/Mary Calvas), 80-4 (ba		
Return time:			
Duration of activity: Over	night		
Budget: Completed	Approved		
Camping: Duty roster	Menu		
Transportation: Group	Self	vinc. midlama improvidente dell'articolori	
Equipment List	<ul> <li>Equipment for games and s</li> <li>Videos or other teaching aid</li> <li>Food</li> <li>Water</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Camping equipment</li> <li>Scout Basic Essentials (Review the list and take what you need.)</li> </ul>	
Activity	<ul> <li>camporee with a disabilities</li> <li>Clarify the tasks assigned to assigned to the district and campsite judging).</li> <li>Develop a list of games and done during this month's m</li> <li>Assign the games and simulations.</li> </ul>	ng and activities committee and volunteer to lead a sawareness theme. by your unit (e.g., Saturday activities) and what will be other units (e.g., promotion, registration, campfires, disimulations you will include; these could be activities leetings or activities you find in other resources. In all all all all all all all all all al	
Safety	<ul> <li>Use the buddy system.</li> <li>Have a first-aid kit available</li> <li>Cellphones are a good idea</li> <li>Identify any hazards partici spotters and cushions as n</li> <li>Two-deep adult leadership</li> </ul>	a. pants could encounter, such as tripping or falling. Have eeded.	
	Not	es	



#### **RESOURCES AND REFERENCES**

#### **Books**

Disabilities Awareness merit badge pamphlet

#### **Organizations and Websites**

**Americans With Disabilities Act** 

Website: www.ada.gov

**Autism Empowerment** 

Website: http://autismempowerment.org

**Autism Speaks** 

Website: http://autismspeaks.org

Children and Adults With Attention-Deficit/

Hyperactivity Disorder

Website: http://chadd.org

**Easter Seals** 

Website: www.easterseals.org

National Down Syndrome Society

Website: www.ndss.org

National Library Service for the Blind and

Physically Handicapped

Website: www.loc.gov/nls/

Serving Scouts With Disabilities

Website: www.scouting.org/programs/boy-scouts/

the-building-blocks-of-scouting/disabilities/

Special Olympics

Website: www.specialolympics.org

**United Cerebral Palsy** 

Website: www.ucp.org

#### **Related Program Features**

Citizenship, Communication, Mentoring, Project Planning

#### **Photo and Illustration Credits**

Pages 30-1 (skier, National Sports Center for the Disabled, courtesy; van, BSA/Dan Bryant; guide dog, @Guide Dogs for the Blind Inc., courtesy; wheelchair, Shutterstock.com/ @Andrey Burmakin), 30-2 (BSA/Mary Oakes), 30-3 (BSA/Mary Oakes), 30-4 (bowling, BSA file; sign, Shutterstock.com/@gyn9037), and 30-5 (BSA file)

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